## rts::

## RTS TECHNICAL DETAILS Fall 2021

## Technical Appendix

## Numeris RTS Fall 2021

## Introduction

The Numeris RTS study is a comprehensive source of consumer and media information on Canada and major markets in Halifax, Quebec City, Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa-Gatineau - English, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver. By returning to respondents from the Numeris radio survey, we are able to bring the Canadian media industry a comprehensive consumer database combined with industry standard radio tuning information.

## Objective

The RTS study is designed to allow advertisers, agencies and broadcasters to:

- define their current and potential customers
- target their creative ideas, and
- plan media placement


## Survey Methodology

## Questionnaire Design

RTS returns to Numeris radio diary respondents as its sample so the questionnaire is divided into two sections - the radio diary and a consumer questionnaire. The consumer questionnaire is divided into retail, restaurants, leisure and cultural activities, media consumption, product consumption and ownership, automotive, financial services, business-to-business and consumer packaged goods. Questions are designed to collect respondents' habits, expenditures and attitudes as they relate to these products and services. Detailed demographic information is also included.

## Questionnaire Detail

The RTS questionnaire is updated on a yearly basis based primarily on input from the sponsoring radio broadcasters both at a national and local level.

## National and Market Questionnaires

The RTS national questionnaire is the same as the market RTS questionnaire with the exception being that market questionnaires have local items added. All local market RTS questionnaires use store and item lists submitted by the local radio stations funding the study. A market questionnaire is created by adding local stores, travel destinations and other items to the end of all national lists. In this way it is possible to combine all RTS questionnaires to create a nationally representative database. Some market questionnaires have custom questions that appear only in that market.

## Method Overview

The RTS survey uses a return to sample method returning to all Numeris radio diary respondents in the RTS markets.

## Sample Frame

The sample frame for RTS is every Numeris radio diary respondent. The sample frame for the Numeris radio diary is every household in Numeris measured markets (approximately 30) with a telephone number that was in working order at the time of recruitment.

## Selection

The radio diary sample was stratified according to geography. From each geographic strata, households were electronically selected from computerized telephone listings using a systematic sampling method, with a random starting point and a fixed interval. Businesses and institutions were excluded from the sample. This tight stratification ensures that the radio diary sample is properly distributed down to the postal code level.

## Recruitment

Recruitment for the Waves 1 and 2 sample was made by telephone over a thirteen-week period; recruitment for Wave 3 over a ten-week period, Wave 4 over a three-week period, Wave 5 and 6 over twelve-week period, Wave 7 and 8 over a nine-week period.

Up to seven attempts were made in order to contact selected households. The recruitment attempt was made with the adult head of the household, or another responsible adult member of the household, if the adult head was not available. The household flooding technique was used, whereby all persons 12 years of age or older were asked to participate in the study. Each diary respondent was asked to complete his/her own RTS questionnaire.

## Paper and Online Samples

This release marks a transition from using paper and online RTS questionnaires to only using online questionnaires. In Wave 1, Wave 2 and Wave 4, Numeris radio diary respondents were given the option of completing a paper or online version of the radio diary. RTS respondents were asked to complete RTS questionnaires based on their radio diary selection - online or paper. In Wave 3, Wave 5 to Wave 8 radio diary respondents were not given a choice so only online versions of the radio diary were completed.

The distribution of online and paper questionnaires is as follows:

|  | $\%$ of Online/Paper by Age |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Online | Paper |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ years | $89 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ to $\mathbf{2 4}$ years | $87 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ to $\mathbf{3 4}$ years | $86 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 5}$ to $\mathbf{4 4}$ years | $92 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ to $\mathbf{4 9}$ years | $92 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ to $\mathbf{5 4}$ years | $90 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 5}$ to $\mathbf{5 9}$ years | $86 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ to $\mathbf{6 4}$ years | $87 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 5}$ years+ | $94 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| Total | $90 \%$ | $10 \%$ |

## National Oversample

An oversample of 3,984 respondents was taken from those areas of Canada outside an RTS market. This sample was stratified according to Statistics Canada population proportions $12+$ - excluding any RTS markets - in each province.

## Data Collection

The RTS data collection period for this release ran in 8 waves. This covered the period from March 12, 2020 to March 8, 2021 and Jan 29, 2021 to July 30, 2021. RTS respondents were asked to complete RTS questionnaires following the radio survey measurement periods as:

| Wave | Type of Questionnaires | Type of Mail-out | RTS Mailout | Reminder 1 | Reminder 2 | Cut Off |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wave 1 | Paper \& online | Canada Post | Mar 12, 2020 | Mar 23, 2020 Mar 30, 2020 | Apr 13, 2020 Apr 20, 2020 | July 27, 2020 |
| Wave 2 | Paper \& online | Canada Post | June 4, 2020 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jun 15, } 2020- \\ & \text { Jun 22, } 2020 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jul 3, } 2020 \text { - Jul } \\ & 10,2020 \end{aligned}$ | July 27, 2020 |
| Wave 3 | Online | Electronic | Dec 2, 2020 | Dec 7, 2020 Dec 13, 2020 | Dec 14, 2020 Dec 20, 2020 | Feb 18, 2021 |
| Wave 4 | Paper \& online | Canada Post | Jan 12, 2021 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan 22, } 2021 \\ & \text { Jan 27, } 2021 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Feb 1, } 2021 \\ \text { Feb 5, } 2021 \end{array}$ | Mar 8, 2021 |
| Wave 5 | Online | Electronic | Jan 29, 2021 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Feb 8, } 2021 \text { - } \\ & \text { Feb 15, } 2021 \end{aligned}$ | Feb 22, 2021 - <br> Mar 1, 2021 | July 30, 2021 |
| Wave 6 | Online | Electronic | Mar 26, 2021 | Apr 6, 2021 - <br> Apr 13, 2021 | Apr 19, 2021 - <br> Apr 26, 2021 | July 30, 2021 |
| Wave 7 | Online | Canada Post | Apr 30, 2021 | May 10, 2021 - <br> May 17, 2021 | May 25, 2021 - <br> June 1, 2021 | July 30, 2021 |
| Wave 8 | Online | Canada Post | June 4, 2021 | June 14, 2021 June 21, 2021 | June 28, 2021 July 5, 2021 | July 30, 2021 |

## Mail-Out

The mail-out for Wave 3, Wave 5 and Wave 6 was done by electronic mail in order to mitigate any risk to respondents from COVID-19.

## Incentive

RTS respondents in Wave 1, Wave 2, Wave 4, Wave 7 and Wave 8 were given a $\$ 5$ cash incentive to encourage survey participation. RTS respondents in Wave 3, Wave 5 and Wave 6 were told via email, "we'll be making a $\$ 5$ donation to your local foodbank via your provincial foodbank association."

## Follow Up

A series of reminder calls were placed to participating households to maximize the return rate. Very stringent calling procedures were put in place given the time-sensitive nature of the follow-up activities. The first reminder call was scheduled so that the household was called during the week when respondents were expected to be completing their questionnaires. A second reminder call was made only to those
households that had not returned a questionnaire after approximately two weeks from the beginning date of the survey week. In all instances, reminder calls targeted the original household contact reached at the recruitment stage. An email reminder was sent to online participants who had had not completed a questionnaire approximately two weeks after the second reminder call. The email reminder was sent to the email address contact received at the recruitment stage.

## Return Rates

All questionnaires were evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Due to rigorous data analysis and acceptability standards, about $5 \%$ of returned questionnaires were rejected as being unusable. Rejection of one questionnaire from the study did not necessarily exclude other valid questionnaires from the same household. Examples of reasons for rejecting RTS questionnaires are lower than $20 \%$ completion and late returns. Returned questionnaires were accepted until July 30, 2021. Any questionnaires returned after that date were not tabulated.

The return rate is the proportion of useable questionnaires returned out of the total number of recruited respondents. In all, 38,792 respondents were recruited from Numeris radio survey respondents. The return rates for RTS questionnaires are:

| Market | Sent | Returned | Net Return Rate |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Halifax | 2,400 | 1,166 | $49 \%$ |
| Quebec City | 3,066 | 1,392 | $45 \%$ |
| Montreal - F | 3,539 | 1,667 | $47 \%$ |
| Montreal - E Total | 2,360 | 1,158 | $49 \%$ |
| Montreal - | 5,899 | 2,825 | $48 \%$ |
| Toronto | 5,995 | 2,768 | $46 \%$ |
| Ottawa-Gatineau - E | 2,728 | 1,303 | $48 \%$ |
| Hamilton | 3,000 | 1,274 | $42 \%$ |
| Winnipeg | 3,000 | 1,527 | $51 \%$ |
| Calgary | 2,350 | 1,109 | $47 \%$ |
| Edmonton | 2,450 | 1,212 | $49 \%$ |
| Vancouver | 3,920 | 1,780 | $45 \%$ |
| Canada Coverage Sample | 3,984 | 1,578 | $40 \%$ |
| Totals |  | 38,792 | $\mathbf{1 7 , 9 3 4}$ |

## Sample Weighting - Local Market RTS

Numeris radio data was weighted based on the latest Numeris 12+ population figures projected from 2016 Statistics Canada Census data. The population estimates also take into account intercensal population growth by age/sex by province. The sample was weighted using a technique called sample balancing or iterative proportional fitting. The weighting scheme for RTS is the same as the Numeris radio survey weighting.

## Sample Weighting - RTS Canada

To create a nationally representative weighted database, Numeris combines all respondents from all markets and from the Canada coverage sample. The markets keep their regular RTS weights as described above, the Canada coverage sample is reweighted to correct population proportions age within sex for the remaining balance by region.

## RTS Markets, Regions and Populations

The table in appendix II shows the populations and in-tab sample for RTS markets and regions. The Canada coverage sample balances are also shown, however, only market and regional data is available in RTS.

## Radio Station Format Coding - RTS Canada

RTS Canada has extensive radio tuning data by format. To create this, every station in the Numeris station master is assigned a format code. Coding was done by using the format submitted by Numeris member radio stations for use in the Numeris radio survey. If the station was not a member of Numeris or no format was submitted, then we used the station's website to determine the format. If the station had no website or the information on the website was unclear the station was assigned a not classified code.

## Numeris RTS Method Changes for Metered Radio Markets

Numeris RTS is conducted in PPM markets using the exact same methodology as in non PPM RTS markets. The Numeris RTS PPM markets are: Montreal, Toronto, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver. Since there is no longer a Numeris radio diary survey other than for full coverage purposes being conducted in PPM RTS markets, Numeris RTS conducts a special radio diary survey in these markets. This special survey is conducted in exactly the same way as any other Numeris radio survey and incorporates all regular Numeris radio diary survey and radio tuning data processing methodology. RTS uses this diary survey in two ways, 1) to derive Numeris RTS radio tuning data, and; 2) to create the sample to mail RTS questionnaires. The following table shows the in-tabs for the RTS radio survey in each PPM market for this RTS release.

## RTS Sponsored \& Numeris Full Coverage

RTS Fall 2021

| Montreal - Total | 5,899 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Montreal - Franco | 3,539 |
| Montreal - Anglo | 2,360 |
| Toronto | 5,995 |
| Calgary | 2,350 |
| Edmonton | 2,450 |
| Vancouver | 3,920 |

## Data Processing

## Data Entry

RTS data is entered using a very advanced scanning methodology. An independent verification of the data entry procedure by scanning was performed in the summer 1998. A random sample of 100 questionnaires from Vancouver was pulled from those previously scanned. These questionnaires were sent to the Tilwood Group, a well-established and independent data processing firm in Toronto. Of those questionnaires, 12 were found to be blank and removed from the analysis. The remaining questionnaires were manually entered producing a total of 122,500 keystrokes. The same questionnaires were then entered a second time by a different group of entry clerks, and any disparity between the two manually entered sets noted and corrected. This final 'double-entered' data set was then compared with the data derived from the scanning process. The error rate for each process was:
manual entry $0.11 \%$
scanned entry $0.17 \%$
The nature of the errors in the scanned data was such that some minor reprogramming at the scanning stage would allow the error rate to be reduced even further. This was done in early 1999.

## Ascription of Missing Booklets

The process of collecting data from a group of respondents rarely, if ever, results in a $100 \%$ response rate. Even the Canadian Census, supported by legislation, cannot achieve this level of cooperation. Any incomplete questionnaires, either totally blank or with less than $20 \%$ of the categories answered, are considered non-responders.

This sets up a situation where up to $50 \%$ of responders to the diary do not have any associated product data. This can be handled in one of three ways:
a. Do nothing. In this option all non-responders would be shown in the data as 'Not Stated'. However, when analyzing the data, this 'Not Stated' group would become the largest single category, a situation generally considered unacceptable.
b. Reweight the data to allow the responders to represent the entire population, and hence eliminating nonresponders from the final product data set. While a statistically acceptable alternative, this process would present the users with two different data sets, one based on all diary responders and one on product responders only. The radio tuning data drawn from the diary panel would inevitably be different from the same data from the smaller RTS sample and this is considered impractical at best.
c. Ascribe the missing data. In this process data is inputted on a non-responder by statistically matching that individual with a responder. This process in one form or another is used universally to correct for such missing data where the appropriate conditions exist. Ascription was applied to missing booklets in this study.

In order to ensure that the ascription was carried out in accordance with acceptable practices, a review of methods employed by other similar studies in Canada, the US and elsewhere was undertaken. From this it was determined that the ascription employed by the Print Measurement Bureau in Canada was most appropriate to act as a model for Numeris.

The model requires that a non-responder and a responder match on six demographic characteristics drawn from the previously completed personal diary. These were:

- Sex
- Age
- Household Size
- Education
- Occupation
- Household Income

The matches had to be made on all 6 characteristics within pre-stated limits, with the exception that a nonanswer to household income by the responder was not sufficient to invalidate the match.

The actual process followed took the following steps:

1. An analysis of the data in all ten markets to determine the scope of the undertaking.
2. A reclassification of all records in the product data set as responders or non-responders. The latter were, as stated, defined as individuals who:

- Did not return a booklet
- Returned a booklet which was totally blank
- Returned a booklet which was less than $20 \%$ complete

3. Producing profile tables of responders, non-returners and partial returners to determine the viability of the data for ascription. These tables showed that the variability among the three groups was small enough to allow reasonable conditions for data input.
4. Applying the ascription model market by market. This results in matches for all of the non-responding records. In Toronto, for example, there would be matches for $94 \%$ of the non-responding records, leaving $6 \%$ of the total base for whom we had no product information.
5. Producing a set of tables which compared ascribed data with non-ascribed or collected data. These tables showed a very high degree of comparability, particularly where the number of respondents in a cell were sufficiently high to allow for reporting in a standard analysis routine.

## Ascription of Item Non-Response

There are in any set of completed questionnaires, some individual questions left unanswered by a respondent. This phenomenon, known as item non-response, can also be corrected in any number of ways. In Numeris RTS Fall 2021 product data, the degree of item non-response on a full data set (ascribed plus unascribed data) ranged from 0 to about $6 \%$. In order to reduce these levels to as close to zero as possible, a procedure of several rules was established.

1. In a category (such as Groceries) where multiple responses are possible (such as store names), if one or more response items (stores) have been indicated as used (shopped at), all blank response items (stores) were set to 'did not shop'. For example, in Toronto, if in the 'Groceries' section, Metro was ticked off at 'Once a month', IGA/Foodland at '2-3 times a month' and all others (Bruno's, Food Basics, Loblaws, etc.) left blank, those blanks were replaced by 'did not shop'.
2. All questions were classified as either personal or household questions. In the case where there were multiple respondents from the same household and one member of that household answered all questions while the others did not, the data on household questions were transferred to all members of that same household.
3. For those questions (personal and household) left incomplete, data was assigned based on the distribution curve for responses to that question from the unascribed data of individuals in the same age, sex and geographic strata. This process, in conjunction with the booklet ascription, resulted in a complete data set virtually free of missing data. As before, ascribed data was compared with unascribed data on a number of demographic and product usage characteristics and the results were found to be very similar.

## Editing the Data

After all ascription and assignment tasks were completed, a series of logic checks were conducted on the data set. These checks were to ensure that no 'impossible' data is released.

An example of the logic checks is if a respondent claims not to wear glasses or contact lenses, the next two questions relating to eyewear (amount spent and consideration of laser eye surgery) had to be blank.

## Media Quintiles \& Terciles

RTS provides the user with an additional way of examining the media listening habits of respondents. Respondents are grouped into five equally sized groups (quintiles) according to their time spent listening, viewing, or reading. The concept of terciles is similar except that respondents are grouped into three equally sized groups. Note, for example, that a heavy radio listener can simultaneously belong to a light television viewing group. It is the respondent's use of the individual media, not their combined usage that determines their membership in each of the media groups. The quintile and tercile definitions are shown in Appendix I.

## Shopping Terciles How they are created How to interpret them

The shopping tercile summary variables were created to help users look at shopping based on retail categories (e.g. grocery, furniture and appliance etc.), rather than by specific retail stores. The concept is similar to media tuning/viewing terciles. Respondents are grouped into tiers (terciles) based on their frequency of usage or visits. But unlike tuning/viewing data however, the sample is not sorted or grouped by an actual number representing the amount of shopping or the actual number of visits. Shopping terciles are created by summing mid-point weights of the shopping frequency scale and dividing respondents into three groups based on their score.

The objective of these summarized data is to help users categorize respondents' usage of a category, (e.g. grocery markets, convenience stores, shopping malls, etc.) not individual retailers. Respondents visiting all the listed shops/malls infrequently can end up in a higher quintile/tercile than another respondent who visited one shop/mall often.

Like all groupings based on similar characteristics, there will always be the odd exception. The terciles do, however, reflect a propensity for those in a particular group to behave in a certain manner. Shopping terciles are available in RTS market studies only.

## RTS Occupation Summary Coding in SalesPRO

SalesPRO gives the user a convenient summary of various occupation groups. These groupings are combinations of the occupation codes from the radio diary. These summaries are available using the category tab and looking under "Demographics - Occupation". Definitions follow:

MPE - Upper:<br>group/label

1-> Senior manager/executive
3-> Professional
MPE - Inclusive:
group/label
1 -> Senior manager/executive
2 -> Middle and other manager
3 -> Professional
5 -> Technical/skilled occupations
7 -> Specialized sales and service
10 -> Self employed
"MPE" stands for "Manager, Professional, Executive".

## Tradesperson

group/label
6 -> Trades or skilled equipment operators

## Clerical/Service

group/label
4 -> Administrative/office support
8 -> Other sales and service

## Primary Occupations

group/label
9 -> Labourer
TIP: If you require your own custom groupings, you can easily create them by using the codebook tab and looking under the heading "Demographics - Occupation". Don't forget you can easily combine occupations by selecting them and clicking combine. Remember to save your run on the main screen.



| Montreal |  |  |  | Montreal - French |  |  |  | Montreal - English |  |  |  | Quebec City |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TV (Avg. | - Base: | wers) |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 0.05 | 12.00 | 33\% | T1 | 0.02 | 12.50 | 33\% | T1 | 0.05 | 12.00 | 33\% | T1 | 0.02 | 14.00 | 33\% |
| T2 | 12.00 | 27.00 | 33\% | T2 | 12.50 | 28.00 | 33\% | T2 | 12.00 | 26.00 | 33\% | T2 | 14.00 | 30.00 | 33\% |
| T3 | 27.00+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 28.00+ |  | 33\% | T3 | $26.00+$ |  | 33\% | T3 | $30.00+$ |  | 33\% |
| Daily Newspaper (Avg. week - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper ${ }_{\text {From }}$ |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper ${ }_{\text {From }}$ |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 3 | 120 | 33\% | T1 | 3 | 150 | 33\% | T1 | 3 | 120 | 33\% | T1 | 1 | 180 | 33\% |
| T2 | 120 | 420 | 33\% | T2 | 150 | 420 | 33\% | T2 | 120 | 315 | 33\% | T2 | 180 | 420 | 33\% |
| T3 | $420+$ |  | 33\% | T3 | 420+ |  | 33\% | T3 | $315+$ |  | 33\% | T3 | $420+$ |  | 33\% |
| Community Newspaper (Avg. issue - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 1 | 15 | 33\% | T1 | 1 | 15 | 33\% | T1 | 2 | 15 | 33\% | T1 | 1 | 15 | 33\% |
| T2 | 15 | 30 | 33\% | T2 | 15 | 30 | 33\% | T2 | 15 | 30 | 33\% | T2 | 15 | 30 | 33\% |
| T3 | $30+$ |  | 33\% | T3 | 30+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 30+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 30+ |  | 33\% |
| Internet (Avg. day - Base: Has Internet access) |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 1 | 180 | 33\% | T1 | 1 | 171 | 33\% | T1 | 2 | 203 | 33\% | T1 | 1 | 159 | 33\% |
| T2 | 180 | 326 | 33\% | T2 | 171 | 309 | 33\% | T2 | 204 | 351 | 33\% | T2 | 159 | 300 | 33\% |
| T3 | 326+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 309+ |  | 33\% | T3 | $351+$ |  | 33\% | T3 | 300+ |  | 33\% |
| Magazine (Avg. day - Base: All) |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 3 | 30 | 33\% | T1 | 3 | 30 | 33\% | T1 | 5 | 20 | 33\% | T1 | 2 | 30 | 33\% |
| T2 | 30 | 60 | 33\% | T2 | 30 | 60 | 34\% | T2 | 20 | 60 | 33\% | T2 | 30 | 60 | 33\% |
| T3 | 60+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 60+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 60+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 60+ |  | 34\% |
| Radio (Weekly - Base: All) |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  | Radio |  |  |  | Radio |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 0.00 | 3.25 | 34\% | T1 | 0.00 | 2.00 | 33\% | T1 | 0.00 | 3.00 | 34\% | T1 | 0.00 | 3.25 | 33\% |
| T2 | 3.50 | 13.50 | 33\% | T2 | 2.25 | 11.25 | 34\% | T2 | 3.25 | 13.00 | 33\% | T2 | 3.50 | 15.75 | 34\% |
| T3 | 13.75+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 11.50+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 13.25+ |  | 33\% | T3 | 16.00+ |  | 33\% |


| Halifax |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TV (Avg. week - Base: Viewers) |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 0.02 | 12.00 | 33\% |
| T2 | 12.00 | 28.00 | 33\% |
| T3 | 28.00+ |  | 33\% |
| Daily Newspaper (Avg. week - Base: Readers) |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 1 | 90 | 33\% |
| T2 | 90 | 300 | 33\% |
| T3 | 300+ |  | 34\% |


| Community |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| Mewspaper | (Avg. issue - Base: Readers) |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 2 | 15 | $33 \%$ |
| T2 | 15 | 30 | $33 \%$ |
| T3 | $30+$ |  | $33 \%$ |

Internet (Avg. day - Base: Has Internet access)
Minutes $\quad$ From
To Pct.

| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| T1 | 1 | 231 | $33 \%$ |
| T2 | 231 | 420 | $33 \%$ |
| T3 | $420+$ |  | $33 \%$ |


| Magazine (Avg. day - Base: All) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| T1 | 2 | 20 | $33 \%$ |
| T2 | 20 | 60 | $33 \%$ |
| T3 | $60+$ |  | $33 \%$ |


| Radio (Weekly - Base: All)   <br> Hours From To |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Pct. |  |  |  |
| T1 | 0.00 | 2.00 | $33 \%$ |
| T2 | 2.25 | 10.75 | $33 \%$ |
| T3 | $11.00+$ |  | $34 \%$ |


| Media Quintile RTS Fall 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada |  |  |  | Vancouver |  |  |  | Edmonton |  |  |  | Calgary |  |  |  |
| TV (Avg. week - Base: Viewers) |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.02 | 7.17 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.13 | 6.57 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.17 | 7.50 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.17 | 7.00 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 7.17 | 15.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 6.80 | 14.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 7.67 | 14.75 | 20\% | Q2 | 7.00 | 14.00 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 15.00 | 24.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 14.00 | 23.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 14.82 | 23.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 14.00 | 22.00 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 24.50 | 36.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 23.00 | 34.50 | 20\% | Q4 | 23.50 | 36.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 22.00 | 33.83 | 20\% |
| Q5 | $36.00+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $34.50+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $36.00+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $34.00+$ |  | 20\% |
| Daily Newspaper (Avg. week - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 5 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 60 | 19\% |
| Q2 | 60 | 140 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 120 | 21\% |
| Q3 | 140 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 150 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 150 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 120 | 240 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 300 | 480 | 20\% | Q4 | 300 | 420 | 20\% | Q4 | 300 | 420 | 20\% | Q4 | 240 | 420 | 20\% |
| Q5 | $480+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $420+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 420+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $420+$ |  | 20\% |
| Community Newspaper (Avg. issue - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 10 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 10 | 15 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 15 | 20 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 20 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 30+ |  | 20\% |
| Internet (Avg. day - Base: Has Internet access) |  |  |  | Internet From |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 148 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 146 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 154 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 163 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 148 | 240 | 20\% | Q2 | 146 | 227 | 20\% | Q2 | 154 | 246 | 20\% | Q2 | 163 | 249 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 240 | 330 | 20\% | Q3 | 227 | 309 | 20\% | Q3 | 246 | 343 | 20\% | Q3 | 249 | 342 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 330 | 454 | 20\% | Q4 | 309 | 420 | 20\% | Q4 | 343 | 480 | 20\% | Q4 | 343 | 463 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 454+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 420+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 480+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 463+ |  | 20\% |
| Magazine (Avg. day - Base: All) |  |  |  | Magazine |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 5 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 10 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 10 | 20 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 60 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% |
| Radio (Weekly - Base: All) |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 21\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 19\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 21\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 21\% |
| Q2 | 0.75 | 3.50 | 19\% | Q2 | 0.25 | 2.75 | 21\% | Q2 | 0.75 | 3.50 | 19\% | Q2 | 0.75 | 3.25 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 3.75 | 8.25 | 20\% | Q3 | 3.00 | 7.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 3.75 | 8.25 | 21\% | Q3 | 3.50 | 7.00 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 8.50 | 20.25 | 20\% | Q4 | 7.25 | 17.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 8.50 | 21.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 7.25 | 17.75 | 20\% |
| Q5 | $20.50+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 17.25+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 21.25+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 18.00+ |  | 20\% |


| Winnipeg |  |  |  | Hamilton |  |  |  | Toronto |  |  |  | Ottawa-Gatineau - English |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TV (Avg. | - Base: Vi | vers) |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.13 | 7.00 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.03 | 8.00 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.07 | 7.25 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.13 | 7.38 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 7.00 | 14.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 8.00 | 17.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 7.25 | 15.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 7.50 | 15.00 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 14.00 | 24.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 17.00 | 26.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 15.00 | 24.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 15.00 | 24.00 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 24.50 | 36.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 26.50 | 38.50 | 20\% | Q4 | 24.00 | 36.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 24.00 | 35.00 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 36.00+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 38.50+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $36.00+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $35.00+$ |  | 20\% |
| Daily Newspaper (Avg. week - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper ${ }_{\text {From }}$ |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper ${ }_{\text {From }}$ |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 3 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 150 | 270 | 20\% | Q3 | 150 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 150 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 150 | 300 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 270 | 420 | 20\% | Q4 | 300 | 480 | 20\% | Q4 | 300 | 540 | 20\% | Q4 | 300 | 540 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 420+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 480+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 540+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 540+ |  | 20\% |
| Community Newspaper (Avg. issue - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 10 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 10 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 10 | 15 | 20\% | Q2 | 10 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 30 | 40 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 45+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% |
| Internet (Avg. day - Base: Has Internet access) |  |  |  | Internet From |  |  |  | Internet From |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 161 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 154 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 176 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 189 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 161 | 249 | 20\% | Q2 | 154 | 249 | 20\% | Q2 | 176 | 279 | 20\% | Q2 | 189 | 300 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 249 | 343 | 20\% | Q3 | 249 | 349 | 20\% | Q3 | 279 | 386 | 20\% | Q3 | 300 | 407 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 343 | 467 | 20\% | Q4 | 349 | 480 | 20\% | Q4 | 386 | 520 | 20\% | Q4 | 407 | 531 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 467+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 480+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 520+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $531+$ |  | 20\% |
| Magazine (Avg. day - Base: All) |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 5 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 5 | 20 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 15 | 25 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 25 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 45 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 45 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 60 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% |
| Radio (Weekly - Base: All) |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  | Radio |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 19\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 19\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 19\% |
| Q2 | 0.50 | 3.25 | 21\% | Q2 | 0.50 | 3.50 | 21\% | Q2 | 0.75 | 3.50 | 20\% | Q2 | 0.75 | 4.00 | 21\% |
| Q3 | 3.50 | 7.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 3.75 | 8.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 3.75 | 8.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 4.25 | 9.00 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 7.75 | 17.50 | 20\% | Q4 | 8.25 | 19.75 | 20\% | Q4 | 8.25 | 18.25 | 20\% | Q4 | 9.25 | 20.50 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 17.75+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 20.00+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 18.50+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $20.75+$ |  | 20\% |


| Montreal |  |  |  | Montreal - French |  |  |  | Montreal - English |  |  |  | Quebec City |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TV (Avg. | - Base: | vers) |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  | TV |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.05 | 6.00 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.02 | 6.50 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.05 | 7.50 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.02 | 8.00 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 6.03 | 15.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 6.50 | 15.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 7.50 | 15.00 | 20\% | Q2 | 8.00 | 17.00 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 15.00 | 23.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 15.00 | 24.50 | 20\% | Q3 | 15.00 | 23.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 17.00 | 26.00 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 23.50 | 35.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 24.50 | 36.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 23.00 | 34.50 | 20\% | Q4 | 26.00 | 37.00 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 35.00+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $36.00+$ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 34.50+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $37.00+$ |  | 20\% |
| Daily Newspaper (Avg. week - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  | Daily Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 3 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 75 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 60 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 120 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 60 | 180 | 20\% | Q2 | 75 | 180 | 20\% | Q2 | 60 | 150 | 20\% | Q2 | 120 | 220 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 180 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 180 | 330 | 20\% | Q3 | 150 | 300 | 20\% | Q3 | 220 | 360 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 300 | 600 | 20\% | Q4 | 330 | 600 | 20\% | Q4 | 300 | 450 | 20\% | Q4 | 360 | 580 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 600+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 600+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 450+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $600+$ |  | 20\% |
| Community Newspaper (Avg. issue - Base: Readers) |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  | Community Newspaper |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 10 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 10 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 20 | 20\% | Q2 | 10 | 15 | 20\% | Q2 | 10 | 15 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 20 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q3 | 15 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 45 | 20\% | Q4 | 30 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 45+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $60+$ |  | 20\% |
| Internet (Avg. day - Base: Has Internet access) |  |  |  | Internet From |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  | Internet |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 1 | 126 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 120 | 20\% | Q1 | 2 | 141 | 20\% | Q1 | 1 | 116 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 126 | 206 | 20\% | Q2 | 120 | 197 | 20\% | Q2 | 141 | 223 | 20\% | Q2 | 116 | 180 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 206 | 292 | 20\% | Q3 | 197 | 280 | 20\% | Q3 | 223 | 317 | 20\% | Q3 | 180 | 266 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 294 | 411 | 20\% | Q4 | 280 | 394 | 20\% | Q4 | 317 | 437 | 20\% | Q4 | 266 | 394 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 411+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 394+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 437+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | $396+$ |  | 20\% |
| Magazine (Avg. day - Base: All) |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  | Magazine From |  |  |  |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 3 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 3 | 15 | 20\% | Q1 | 5 | 15 | 19\% | Q1 | 2 | 15 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 21\% | Q2 | 15 | 30 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 60 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 45 | 20\% | Q3 | 30 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 60 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 60 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 45 | 60 | 20\% | Q4 | 60 | 60 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 60+ |  | 20\% |
| Radio (Weekly - Base: All) |  |  |  | Radio From |  |  |  | Radio |  |  |  | Radio |  |  |  |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |  |  | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |  | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.00 | 0.75 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 19\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 20\% | Q1 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 20\% |
| Q2 | 1.00 | 4.50 | 20\% | Q2 | 0.25 | 3.50 | 21\% | Q2 | 0.75 | 4.25 | 21\% | Q2 | 1.25 | 4.75 | 20\% |
| Q3 | 4.75 | 10.25 | 20\% | Q3 | 3.75 | 8.25 | 20\% | Q3 | 4.50 | 10.00 | 20\% | Q3 | 5.00 | 11.75 | 20\% |
| Q4 | 10.50 | 25.00 | 20\% | Q4 | 8.50 | 20.25 | 20\% | Q4 | 10.25 | 23.75 | 20\% | Q4 | 12.00 | 27.00 | 20\% |
| Q5 | 25.25+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 20.50+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 24.00+ |  | 20\% | Q5 | 27.25+ |  | 20\% |

Halifax
TV (Avg. week - Base: Viewers)

| Hours | From | To | Pct. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Q1 | 0.02 | 6.00 | $20 \%$ |
| Q2 | 6.00 | 15.00 | $20 \%$ |
| Q3 | 15.00 | 25.00 | $20 \%$ |
| Q4 | 25.00 | 37.00 | $20 \%$ |
| Q5 | $37.00+$ |  | $20 \%$ |

Daily Newspaper (Avg. week - Base: Readers)

| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Q1 | 1 | 50 | $20 \%$ |
| Q2 | 50 | 120 | $20 \%$ |
| Q3 | 120 | 240 | $20 \%$ |
| Q4 | 240 | 420 | $20 \%$ |
| Q5 | $420+$ |  | $20 \%$ |

Community Newspaper (Avg. issue - Base: Readers)

| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Q1 | 2 | 10 | $20 \%$ |
| Q2 | 10 | 15 | $20 \%$ |
| Q3 | 15 | 30 | $20 \%$ |
| Q4 | 30 | 60 | $20 \%$ |
| Q5 | $60+$ |  | $20 \%$ |

Internet (Avg. day - Base: Has Internet access)

| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Q1 | 1 | 171 | $20 \%$ |
| Q2 | 171 | 266 | $20 \%$ |
| Q3 | 266 | 377 | $20 \%$ |
| Q4 | 377 | 510 | $20 \%$ |
| Q5 | $510+$ |  | $20 \%$ |


| Magazine (Avg. day - Base: All) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Minutes | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 2 | 15 | $20 \%$ |
| Q2 | 15 | 30 | $20 \%$ |
| Q3 | 30 | 30 | $20 \%$ |
| Q4 | 30 | 60 | $20 \%$ |
| Q5 | $60+$ |  | $20 \%$ |


| Radio (Weekly | Base: All) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hours | From | To | Pct. |
| Q1 | 0.00 | 0.25 | $20 \%$ |
| Q2 | 0.50 | 3.25 | $20 \%$ |
| Q3 | 3.50 | 8.25 | $20 \%$ |
| Q4 | 8.50 | 18.75 | $20 \%$ |
| Q5 | $19.00+$ |  | $20 \%$ |

APPENDIX II - Numeris RTS Fall 2021
Population and Sample Disposition - by Region

| Population |  | Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ATLANTIC |  |  | QUEBEC |  |  | ONTARIO |  |  | PRAIRIE |  |  | BC |  |  | Table Total |  |  |
|  |  | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% |
| Audience | Teenager 12-17 | 150,206 | 7 | 6 | 542,341 | 7 | 22 | 979,007 | 7 | 39 | 527,766 | 9 | 21 | 306,142 | 7 | 12 | 2,505,462 | 7 | 100 |
|  | Male 18-24 | 98,110 | 5 | 6 | 329,256 | 4 | 20 | 687,772 | 5 | 41 | 323,075 | 5 | 19 | 226,217 | 5 | 14 | 1,664,430 | 5 | 100 |
|  | Male 25-34 | 148,910 | 7 | 5 | 574,858 | 8 | 21 | 1,107,260 | 8 | 40 | 529,137 | 9 | 19 | 377,190 | 8 | 14 | 2,737,355 | 8 | 100 |
|  | Male 35-49 | 214,645 | 10 | 6 | 853,603 | 11 | 23 | 1,423,882 | 11 | 38 | 757,482 | 13 | 20 | 511,021 | 11 | 14 | 3,760,633 | 11 | 100 |
|  | Male 50-54 | 81,782 | 4 | 7 | 267,860 | 4 | 22 | 472,077 | 4 | 39 | 213,076 | 4 | 18 | 166,449 | 4 | 14 | 1,201,244 | 4 | 100 |
|  | Male 55-64 | 185,841 | 9 | 7 | 619,437 | 8 | 24 | 1,007,118 | 8 | 39 | 433,685 | 7 | 17 | 352,839 | 8 | 14 | 2,598,920 | 8 | 100 |
|  | Male 65+ | 253,868 | 12 | 8 | 827,888 | 11 | 25 | 1,241,201 | 9 | 37 | 504,286 | 8 | 15 | 486,090 | 11 | 15 | 3,313,333 | 10 | 100 |
|  | Female 18-24 | 91,906 | 4 | 6 | 312,446 | 4 | 20 | 642,510 | 5 | 41 | 299,607 | 5 | 19 | 211,937 | 5 | 14 | 1,558,406 | 5 | 100 |
|  | Female 25-34 | 143,401 | 7 | 6 | 537,481 | 7 | 21 | 1,050,629 | 8 | 41 | 498,167 | 8 | 19 | 358,364 | 8 | 14 | 2,588,042 | 8 | 100 |
|  | Female 35-49 | 225,813 | 10 | 6 | 827,190 | 11 | 22 | 1,470,561 | 11 | 39 | 742,348 | 12 | 20 | 519,091 | 11 | 14 | 3,785,003 | 11 | 100 |
|  | Female 50-54 | 84,258 | 4 | 7 | 261,585 | 3 | 22 | 486,097 | 4 | 40 | 207,196 | 3 | 17 | 177,284 | 4 | 15 | 1,216,420 |  | 100 |
|  | Female 55-64 | 193,101 | 9 | 7 | 617,519 | 8 | 23 | 1,032,311 | 8 | 39 | 432,580 | 7 | 16 | 373,394 | 8 | 14 | 2,648,905 | 8 | 100 |
|  | Female $65+$ | 293,914 | 14 | 8 | 948,722 | 13 | 25 | 1,490,304 | 11 | 39 | 578,849 | 10 | 15 | 554,691 | 12 | 14 | 3,866,480 | 12 | 100 |
| Table Total |  | 2,165,755 | 100 | 6 | 7,520,186 | 100 | 22 | 13,090,729 | 100 | 39 | 6,047,254 | 100 | 18 | 4,620,709 | 100 | 14 | 33,444,633 | 100 | 100 |


| In-tab sample |  | ion | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ATLANTIC |  |  | QUEBEC |  |  | ONTARIO |  |  | PRAIRIE |  |  | BC |  |  | Table Total |  |  |
|  |  | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% | Count | Col\% | Row\% |
| Audience | Teenager 12-17 | 88 | 3 | 4 | 635 | 6 | 31 | 658 | 5 | 32 | 455 | 5 | 22 | 210 | 5 | 10 | 2,046 | 5 | 100 |
|  | Male 18-24 | 74 | 3 | 6 | 311 | 3 | 26 | 431 | 3 | 37 | 244 | 3 | 21 | 118 | 3 | 10 | 1,178 | 3 | 100 |
|  | Male 25-34 | 109 | 4 | 8 | 287 | 3 | 20 | 574 | 4 | 41 | 299 | 4 | 21 | 142 | 3 | 10 | 1,411 | 4 | 100 |
|  | Male 35-49 | 204 | 7 | 7 | 1,038 | 10 | 33 | 989 | 8 | 32 | 664 | 8 | 21 | 233 | 5 | 7 | 3,128 | 8 | 100 |
|  | Male 50-54 | 114 | 4 | 7 | 458 | 5 | 27 | 597 | 5 | 35 | 362 | 4 | 21 | 189 | 4 | 11 | 1,720 | 4 | 100 |
|  | Male 55-64 | 288 | 10 | 7 | 1,196 | 12 | 27 | 1,483 | 11 | 34 | 917 | 11 | 21 | 498 | 11 | 11 | 4,382 | 11 | 100 |
|  | Male 65+ | 467 | 16 | 8 | 1,166 | 12 | 21 | 1,839 | 14 | 33 | 1,269 | 15 | 23 | 774 | 17 | 14 | 5,515 | 14 | 100 |
|  | Female 18-24 | 60 | 2 | 6 | 319 | 3 | 31 | 336 | 3 | 33 | 222 | 3 | 22 | 94 | 2 | 9 | 1,031 | 3 | 100 |
|  | Female 25-34 | 99 | 3 | 7 | 302 | 3 | 23 | 525 | 4 | 39 | 284 | 3 | 21 | 124 | 3 | 9 | 1,334 | 3 | 100 |
|  | Female 35-49 | 270 | 9 | 7 | 1,280 | 13 | 34 | 1,164 | 9 | 31 | 795 | 9 | 21 | 306 | 7 | 8 | 3,815 | 10 | 100 |
|  | Female 50-54 | 127 | 4 | 7 | 518 | 5 | 28 | 597 | 5 | 33 | 378 | 4 | 21 | 200 | 4 | 11 | 1,820 | 5 | 100 |
|  | Female 55-64 | 393 | 14 | 8 | 1,265 | 13 | 25 | 1,678 | 13 | 33 | 1,127 | 13 | 22 | 625 | 14 | 12 | 5,088 | 13 | 100 |
|  | Female $65+$ | 561 | 20 | 9 | 1,284 | 13 | 20 | 2,077 | 16 | 33 | 1,460 | 17 | 23 | 942 | 21 | 15 | 6,324 | 16 | 100 |
| Table Total |  | 2,854 | 100 | 7 | 10,059 | 100 | 26 | 12,948 | 100 | 33 | 8,476 | 100 | 22 | 4,455 | 100 | 11 | 38,792 | 100 | 100 |


| Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Audience |  | ATLANTIC BALANCE | Halifax CTRL | Quebec BALANCE | Quebec CTRL | Montreal CTRL | OttawaGatineau Anglo (QUE) | ontario balance | OttawaGatineau Anglo (ONT) * | OttawaGatineau Anglo CTRL | Toronto CTRL | Hamilton CTRL | PRAIRIE baLANCE | Winnipes | Calgary CTRL | Edmonton CTRL | bC balance | Vancouver CTRL | Table Total |
|  |  | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count |
|  | Teenager 12-17 | 123,139 | 27,067 | 202,103 | 48,842 | 287,150 | 4,246 | 423,026 | 67,447 | 71,693 | 434,545 | 53,989 | 250,836 | 60,110 | 112,382 | 104,438 | 147,690 | 158,452 | 2,505,462 |
|  | Male 18-24 | 78,206 | 19,904 | 115,023 | 29,767 | 181,802 | 2,664 | 279,880 | 48,142 | 50,806 | 322,787 | 36,963 | 144,541 | 44,392 | 67,220 | 66,922 | 96,269 | 129,948 | 1,664,430 |
|  | Male 25-34 | 111,043 | 37,867 | 188,556 | 58,621 | 322,282 | 5,399 | 438,378 | 80,863 | 86,262 | 529,572 | 58,447 | 214,314 | 67,876 | 121,369 | 125,578 | 158,297 | 218,893 | 2,737,355 |
|  | Male 35-49 | 168,876 | 45,769 | 300,917 | 85,127 | 459,616 | 7,943 | 572,437 | 98,890 | 106,833 | 675,491 | 77,064 | 313,073 | 89,336 | 185,136 | 169,937 | 226,188 | 284,833 | 3,760,633 |
|  | Male 50-54 | 68,145 | 13,637 | 98,445 | 24,489 | 142,760 | 2,166 | 200,934 | 31,912 | 34,078 | 213,098 | 26,133 | 91,168 | 25,898 | 51,347 | 44,663 | 76,863 | 89,586 | 1,201,244 |
|  | Male 55-64 | 155,203 | 30,638 | 262,774 | 58,021 | 294,153 | 4,489 | 463,399 | 65,710 | 70,199 | 422,219 | 55,790 | 198,331 | 53,499 | 93,756 | 88,099 | 173,732 | 179, 107 | 2,598,920 |
|  | Male 65+ | 218,412 | 35,456 | 384,230 | 83,401 | 355,218 | 5,039 | 618,686 | 75,182 | 80,221 | 478,196 | 69,137 | 243,628 | 64,142 | 98,783 | 97,733 | 265,139 | 220,951 | 3,313,333 |
|  | Female 18-24 | 73,047 | 18,859 | 107,689 | 28,978 | 173,436 | 2,343 | 259,985 | 45,592 | 47,935 | 302,623 | 34,310 | 134,001 | 39,576 | 63,465 | 62,565 | 88,773 | 123,164 | 1,558,406 |
|  | Female 25-34 | 105,771 | 37,630 | 173,016 | 54,293 | 305,144 | 5,028 | 401,622 | 78,270 | 83,298 | 515,375 | 55,362 | 197,177 | 63,919 | 118,728 | 118,343 | 145,348 | 213,016 | 2,588,042 |
|  | Female 35-49 | 178,307 | 47,506 | 282,324 | 79,482 | 458,304 | 7,080 | 575,551 | 101,619 | 108,699 | 713,349 | 80,042 | 301,811 | 88,997 | 185,591 | 165,949 | 223,663 | 295,428 | 3,785,003 |
|  | Female 50-54 | 69,675 | 14,583 | 95,498 | 23,842 | 140,252 | 1,993 | 202,081 | 32,056 | 34,049 | 225,402 | 26,558 | 87,930 | 26,416 | 49,469 | 43,381 | 78,499 | 98,785 | 1,216,420 |
|  | Female 55-64 | 161,193 | 31,908 | 262,757 | 59,054 | 291,498 | 4,210 | 475,164 | 65,539 | 69,749 | 434,427 | 57,181 | 195,499 | 54,785 | 93,583 | 88,713 | 183,657 | 189,737 | 2,648,905 |
|  | Female $65+$ | 250,542 | 43,372 | 411,833 | 100,730 | 431,281 | 4.878 | 727,450 | 87,540 | 92,418 | 589,240 | 86,074 | 271,534 | 79,472 | 112,678 | 115,165 | 295,698 | 258,993 | 3,866,480 |
| Table Total |  | 1,761,559 | 404,196 | 2,885,165 | 734,647 | 3,842,896 | 57,478 | 5,638,593 | 878,762 | 936,240 | 5,856,324 | 717,050 | 2,643,843 | 758,418 | 1,353,507 | 1,291,486 | 2,159,816 | 2,460,893 | 33,444,633 |


| In tab sample |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ATLANTIC baLANCE | Halifax CTRL | Quebec BALANCE | Quebec CTRL | Montreal CTRL | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Ottawa- } \\ \text { Gatineau } \\ \text { Anglo (QUE) * } \end{array}$ | ontario BALANCE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Ottawa- } \\ \text { Gatineau } \\ \text { Anglo (ONT) * } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ottawa- } \\ & \text { Gatineau } \\ & \text { Anglo CTRL } \end{aligned}$ | Toronto CTRL | Hamilton CTRL | PRAIRIE BALANCE | Winnipeg CTRL | Calgary CTRL | Edmonton CTRL | bc balance | Vancouver CTRL | Table Total |
|  |  | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count | Count |
| Audience | Teenager 12-17 | 23 | 65 | 39 | 209 | 370 | 17 | 109 | 131 | 148 | 292 | 126 | 45 | 136 | 138 | 136 | 28 | 182 | 2,046 |
|  | Male 18-24 | 22 | 52 | 28 | 91 | 180 | 12 | 66 | 84 | 96 | 214 | 67 | 30 | 104 | 60 | 50 | 15 | 103 | 1,178 |
|  | Male 25-34 | 23 | 86 | 41 | 82 | 151 | 13 | 110 | 123 | 136 | 249 | 92 | 48 | 144 | 51 | 56 | 38 | 104 | 1,411 |
|  | Male 35-49 | 46 | 158 | 87 | 397 | 513 | 41 | 156 | 233 | 274 | 377 | 223 | 71 | 259 | 171 | 163 | 55 | 178 | 3,128 |
|  | Male 50-54 | 20 | 94 | 29 | 154 | 254 | 21 | 61 | 119 | 140 | 298 | 119 | 28 | 128 | 113 | 93 | 21 | 168 | 1,720 |
|  | Male 55-64 | 41 | 247 | 79 | 354 | 719 | 44 | 136 | 280 | 324 | 723 | 344 | 58 | 318 | 281 | 260 | 50 | 448 | 4,382 |
|  | Male 65+ | 54 | 413 | 105 | 318 | 723 | 20 | 161 | 320 | 340 | 867 | 491 | 70 | 408 | 361 | 430 | 68 | 706 | 5,515 |
|  | Female 18-24 | 15 | 45 | 20 | 74 | 218 | 7 | 66 | 77 | 84 | 134 | 59 | 22 | 82 | 63 | 55 | 15 | 79 | 1,031 |
|  | Female 25-34 | 20 | 79 | 54 | 90 | 142 | 16 | 109 | 108 | 124 | 211 | 97 | 44 | 144 | 48 | 48 | 34 | 90 | 1,334 |
|  | Female 35-49 | 47 | 223 | 86 | 485 | 669 | 40 | 164 | 227 | 267 | 491 | 282 | 75 | 291 | 208 | 221 | 56 | 250 | 3,815 |
|  | Female 50-54 | 22 | 105 | 26 | 150 | 326 | 16 | 59 | 117 | 133 | 301 | 120 | 25 | 128 | 104 | 121 | 17 | 183 | 1,820 |
|  | Female 55-64 | 48 | 345 | 75 | 348 | 798 | 44 | 145 | 306 | 350 | 828 | 399 | 61 | 384 | 354 | 328 | 54 | 571 | 5,088 |
|  | Female $65+$ | 73 | 488 | 111 | 314 | 836 | 23 | 197 | 289 | 312 | 1010 | 581 | 99 | 474 | 398 | 489 | 84 | 858 | 6,324 |
| Table Total |  | 454 | 2,400 | 780 | 3,066 | 5,899 | 314 | 1,539 | 2,414 | 2,728 | 5,995 | 3,000 | 676 | 3,000 | 2,350 | 2,450 | 535 | 3,920 | 38,792 |

[^0]
[^0]:    * Ottawa-Gatineau Anglo has respondents from both Quebec and Ontario. The market is shown three times in this table but the columns marked with an asterix are not included in the table totals column in order to avoid double-counting them.

